

Linear-Phase FIR Filter Segment Synthe

Based on an 1995 IEEE paper co-authored by Amin G Jaffer & William E Jones

1 Global Definitions

```
(%i1) assume(A>=0,B>=0);
(%o1) [A>=0,B>=0]

(%i2) declare(p,integer,q,integer);
(%o2) done
```

2 General result

Figure 1:

$$[Q]_L = \int_0^L W(f) e^{i2\pi f L} df, \quad m=1, \dots, N \quad (2)$$

```
(%i3) Q[L]:'integrate(W(f)*exp(%i*2*%pi*f*L),f);
(%o3) 
$$\int e^{2\%i\pi L f} W(f) df$$

```

Figure 2:

$$[R]_p = \int_0^L W(f) a(f) e^{-i2\pi f (p-\Lambda)} df \quad (3)$$

```
(%i4) R[p]:'integrate(W(f)*a(f)*exp(-%i*2*%pi*f*(p-%Lambda)),f);
(%o4) 
$$\int W(f) a(f) e^{-2\%i\pi f (p-\Lambda)} df$$

```

3 Normal Error

3.1 Normal Error Exponential Segment

```
(%i5) Aexp:exp(A+f*B);
(Aexp) %eB f + A
```

Q-Segment

```
(%i6) Qen0[L]:(ev(Q[L],W(f):1));
```

$$(\%o6) \int e^{2i\pi Lf} df$$

Q

```
(%i7) Qen[L]:ev(Qen0[L],integrate);
```

$$(\%o7) -\frac{i e^{2i\pi Lf}}{2\pi L}$$

Q, Denom==0 [L==0]

```
(%i8) QenL[p,q]:ev(Qen0[L],L:0,integrate);
```

$$(\%o8) f$$

R-Segment

```
(%i9) Ren0[p]:(ev(R[p],W(f):1,a(f):Aexp));
```

$$(\%o9) \int e^{-2i\pi f(p-A)+Bf+A} df$$

R

```
(%i10) Ren[p]:ev(Ren0[p],W(f):1,integrate);
```

$$(\%o10) \frac{e^{-2i\pi f(p-A)+Bf+A}}{B-2i\pi(p-A)}$$

R, Denom==0 [(p==Lambda) && (B==0)]

```
(%i11) RenD[p]:ev(Ren0[p],B:0,p:%Lambda,integrate);
```

$$(\%o11) e^A f$$

3.2 Normal Error Linear Segment

```
(%i12) Alin:A+f*B;
```

$$(\%o12) Bf+A$$

Q-Segment

```
(%i13) Qln0[L]:ev(Q[L],W(f):1);
```

$$(\%o13) \int e^{2\pi L f} df$$

```
Q
```

```
(%i14) Qln[L]:ev(Qln0[L],integrate);
```

$$(\%o14) -\frac{e^{2\pi L f}}{2\pi L}$$

```
Q, Denom==0 [L==0]
```

```
(%i15) QlnD[L]:ev(Qln0[L],L:0,integrate);
```

$$(\%o15) f$$

```
R-Segment
```

```
(%i16) Rln0[p]:ev(R[p],a(f):Alin,W(f):1);
```

$$(\%o16) \int (Bf+A) e^{-2\pi f(p-\Lambda)} df$$

```
R
```

```
(%i17) Rln[p]:factor(radcan(ev((Rln0[p]),integrate)));
```

$$(\%o17) \frac{(2\pi Bfp + 2\pi Ap - 2\pi \Lambda Bf + B - 2\pi \Lambda A) e^{2\pi \Lambda f - 2\pi fp}}{4\pi^2 (p-\Lambda)^2}$$

```
R, Denom(R0)==0 [p==Lambda]
```

```
(%i18) RlnD[p]:ev(Rln0[p],p:%Lambda,integrate);
```

$$(\%o18) \frac{Bf^2}{2} + Af$$

4 Relative Square-Error

4.1 Exponential Segment Relative-Square Error

```
(%i19) Aexp:exp(A+f*B);
```

$$(\%exp) e^{Bf+A}$$

Q-Segment

```
(%i20) Qer0[L]:(ev(Q[L],W(f):Aexp^-2));
```

$$(\%o20) \int e^{2i\pi Lf-2(Bf+A)} df$$

Q

```
(%i21) Qer[L]:ev(Qer0[L],integrate);
```

$$(\%o21) \frac{e^{2i\pi Lf-2(Bf+A)}}{2i\pi L-2B}$$

```
Q, Denom==0 [(L==0) && (B==0)]
```

```
(%i22) QerD[L]:ev(Qer0[L],L:0,B:0,integrate);
```

$$(\%o22) e^{-2Af}$$

R-Segment

```
(%i23) Rer0[p]:((ev(R[p],W(f):1,a(f):Aexp^-1)));
```

$$(\%o23) \int e^{-2i\pi f(p-\Lambda)-Bf-A} df$$

R

```
(%i24) Rer[p]:ev(Rer0[p],integrate);
```

$$(\%o24) \frac{e^{-2i\pi f(p-\Lambda)-Bf-A}}{-2i\pi(p-\Lambda)-B}$$

```
R, Denom==0 [(p==Lambda) && (B==0)]
```

```
(%i25) RerD[p]:ev(Rer0[p],p:%Lambda,B:0,integrate);
```

$$(\%o25) e^{-Af}$$

4.2 Relative-Square Error Linear Segment

```
(%i26) Alin:A+f*B;
```

```
(Alin) Bf+A
```

Q-Segment

```
(%i27) Qlr0[L]:(ev(Q[L],W(f):A|in^-2));
```

$$(\%o27) \int \frac{e^{2i\pi Lf}}{(Bf+A)^2} df$$

Q

```
(%i28) Qlr[L]:ev(Qlr0[L],integrate);
```

$$(\%o28) - \frac{\text{expintegral}_e\left(2, -\frac{2i\pi L(Bf+A)}{B}\right) e^{-\frac{2i\pi AL}{B}}}{B(Bf+A)}$$

Q, B==0

```
(%i29) QlrB[L]:ev(Qlr0[L],B:0,integrate);
```

$$(\%o29) - \frac{i e^{2i\pi Lf}}{2\pi A^2 L}$$

Q, L==0

```
(%i30) QlrL[L]:ev(Qlr0[L],L:0,integrate);
```

$$(\%o30) - \frac{1}{B(Bf+A)}$$

Q, B==0 && L==0

```
(%i31) QlrBL[L]:ev(Qlr0[L],L:0,B:0,integrate);
```

$$(\%o31) \frac{f}{A^2}$$

R-Segment

```
(%i32) Rlr0[p]:(ev(R[p],W(f):1,a(f):A|in^-1));
```

$$(\%o32) \int \frac{e^{-2i\pi f(p-A)}}{Bf+A} df$$

R

```
(%i33) Rlr[p]:ev(Rlr0[p],integrate);
```

$$(\%o33) - \frac{\operatorname{expintegral}_e\left(1, \frac{2\%i\pi(Bf+A)(p-1)}{B}\right) \%e^{\frac{2\%i\pi A(p-1)}{B}}}{B}$$

```
R, Denom==0 [B==0]
```

```
(%i34) RlrB[p]:ev(Rlr0[p],B:0,integrate);
```

$$(\%o34) \frac{\%i \%e^{-2\%i\pi f(p-1)}}{2\pi A(p-1)}$$

```
R, p==Lambda
```

```
(%i35) RlrL[p]:ev(Rlr0[p],p:%Lambda,integrate);
```

$$(\%o35) \frac{\log(Bf+A)}{B}$$

```
R, B==0, p==Lambda
```

```
(%i36) RlrBL[p]:ev(Rlr0[p],p:%Lambda,B:0,integrate);
```

$$(\%o36) \frac{f}{A}$$